Why do people do what they do?

A HUMAN-CENTERED APPROACH TO CHANGE Amy Leneker and Joe Vansyckle



Welcome

We are **glad** you are here... Yes, you!







The challenge

We leaders do more harm than good when we start to clear paths. Our job as a leaders isn't to clear paths, but help people navigate their way through them.

The JOURNEY is the where growth happens.

If I deeply appreciate you, I want you to learn to navigate your way through the challenging moments. Because I know the value of the journey.

WHAT IT WAS LIKE

•

.

.

Insecure

Disconnected

Insecure

Disconnected

Insecure

Unavailable

Insecure

Unavailable

Disconnected

Angry

Insecure

Unavailable

Disconnected

Angry

Vulnerable

 You cannot have a deep appreciation for others unless you have a deep appreciation for yourself.

• You cannot have a deep appreciation for others unless you have a deep appreciation for yourself.

Every decisions matters

 You cannot have a deep appreciation for others unless you have a deep appreciation for yourself.

- Every decisions matters
- People are people not machines

- You cannot have a deep appreciation for others unless you have a deep appreciation for yourself.
- Every decisions matters
- People are people not machines
- You are judged on your behavior not your intention

- You cannot have a deep appreciation for others unless you have a deep appreciation for yourself.
- Every decisions matters
- People are people not machines
- You are judged on your behavior not your intention
- Leaving home every morning is a crucial moment

 You cannot have a deep appreciation for others unless you have a deep appreciation for yourself.

- Every decisions matters
- People are people not machines
- You are judged on your behavior not your intention
- Leaving home every morning is a crucial moment
- There is no shame in leaving





4 minutes

Take a moment and think about 1-2 things you deeply appreciate about each of the following:

Yourself Your team Your organization The Customers you serve

Record it and be prepared to share it with a partner.





Find a learning partner, this is someone you will spend the session sharing ideas with. (1-minute)

Take 2-minutes and share with your learning partner what you came up with. (4-minutes in total)

(ADAPTED FROM CRUCIAL CONVERSATIONS 3-CLEVER STORIES)

THREE STORIES THAT KEEP US SEPARATE FROM And how to re-tell them



What am I pretending not to notice about my role in this?





e he human





e he human

Start Every Change with Heart

By asking What Do I REALLY WANT:

> FOR Myself FOR The Team and Organization FOR Our Customers or those we serve? FOR My Community

Activity

3 minutes

Take a moment and think of a behavior you would like someone else or a group of people to change.

Write down:

- **1.** What do you want for yourself?
- 2. What do you want for the other person/persons?
- 3. What do your org, family, community?

Be prepared to share with your learning partner





Take 2-minutes and share what you came up with with your learning partner

(4-minutes total)



Why do people do what they do?

"I haven't got the slightest idea how to change people... but still I keep a long list of prospective candidates just in case I should ever figure it out."

David Sedaris

		leadership consultar	^{nt} employee
coach		speaker	leader
human		Mom	advocate
friend		trainer mei	ntor sister
		volunteer	
wife	ne	ighbor aunt	teacher
facilitator		coach	daughter



Every system is perfectly aligned to get the results it gets.
What percent of all change efforts fail?

Harvard Business Review,

Beer and Nitin, 2000

70 percent of all change efforts fail.

Harvard Business Review,

Beer and Nitin, 2000

How many attempts to quit smoking, on average?

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/arti cles/PMC4908897/ 2016



30 attempts to quit smoking, on average.

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/arti cles/PMC4908897/ 2016



What percent of all US marriages end in divorce?

https://www.apa.org/topics/divorce/, 2016

50 percent of all US marriages end in divorce.

https://www.apa.org/topics/divorce/, 2016

Drivers are how many times more likely to be in a crash when talking on a phone?

http://wadrivetozero.com/distracted-driving/, 2017



Drivers are ${\bf 3}$ times more likely to be in a crash when talking on a phone.

http://wadrivetozero.com/distracted-driving/, 2017





Why do people do what they do?





70% On the Job Learning

20% Other People

10% Formal Instruction

www.ccl.org



Employment Security Department WASHINGTON STATE



Traditional Training



Learning Experience Practicum





Employment Security Department WASHINGTON STATE









Department of Commerce



Why do people do what they do?

Why not just ask?



Safe environment



Amy Leneker. Overall, were the speakers informative, prepared and understandable?

Answered: 97 Skipped: 10









L SHOP COM IN BUT



5 minutes

Consider the person with the behavior you would like to change.

Have you focused on the negative? How?

What might be different if you overcame the negativity bias?

With your learning partner, discuss these questions.

"Well I wouldn't have to be negative

if they would just get it right the first time."

Amy Leneker (yikes!)

"If they cared more, they would try harder."

Amy Leneker (and again...yikes!)









HIGH DELEGATE COACH V SKILL SUPERVIZE SUPPORT - MOTIVATION - HIGH



HIGH DELEGATE COACH V SKILL SUPERVIZE SUPPORT - MOTIVATION - HIGH

FINDING OUT WHY

Activity Part 1

2 minutes

Your coworker drives the agency car daily as part of their work. You ride along with them every 2 or 3 weeks. You have commented on their speeding on several occasions, and yet they continue to speed. It is has gotten to the point where you have told them so many times that you have decided to no longer ride with them.

In your table groups, list as many reasons you think they continue to speed.


People do things for 2 reasons:







Go through the list of reasons why your friend continues speed.

Decide which reasons are motivation (don't want to) and which are ability (can't).

FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTION ERROR

Three powerful forces that influence our motivation and ability



Personal

- Do they hate it or enjoy it?
- Do they find meaning in it?
- Do they have the knowledge, skills, and the strength to do the right thing?



Social

- Do others encourage or discourage the behavior?
- Do others make it difficult or easier?



Structural

- Are rewards encouraging or discouraging the wrong behaviors?
- Is the environment (tools, information, data, ques, making it easier or hard to enact the behavior?

Activity Part 3

2 minutes

Consider the person who's behavior you would like to change.

Ask yourself...Why are they doing what they are doing? Come up with at least 4-5 reasons you may not have considered.

Use your new lens – Motivation/Ability and PERSONAL/SOCIAL/STRUCTURAL





Take two minutes and share with your learning partner what you came up with

(4-minutes in total)

Trust

Same and

-



We are grateful you shared this moment with us!

YES, YOU!



AmyLeneker.com

JoeVansyckle.com