Learning from Differences: A Critical Method to Repairing Trust



Washington State Lean Conference RESULTS A

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Dr. Wendy Fraser



Kathryn Schultz "On Being Wrong"



TED talk filmed March 2011

Trusting too much in the feeling of being on the correct side of anything, can be very dangerous.

When we stop entertaining the possibility that we could be wrong, we wind up doing things like...torpedoing the global economy.

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When people disagree, we tend to think that the other person is:

 Ignorant – the other person must not have all the same facts as I do.

 Idiot – the other person has the same facts, but they just can't put it together right.

 Evil – the other person is distorting the data for their own malevolent purposes.

Reflection: Think about a time when you knew you were right and the other person was wrong.



- 1. What makes you so certain that you are right?
- 2. How would things change if it made no difference who was right or wrong?
- 3. What gets in your way of being "curious" and open to the possibility that you could be wrong?

Learning from Differences

 When we are in judgment mode, we stop being curious and tend to not gather sound and current data.

 Our beliefs may block us from learning from differences.





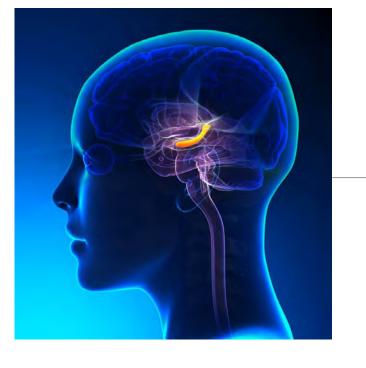
Learning from Differences

- Learning from differences is not tolerating differences or agreeing to disagree
- When we explore the difference, we actually learn something about ourselves from the other person(s)

"When wounds, ego, and fear get involved, they interfere with accurate perception."



Dr. Darya Funches



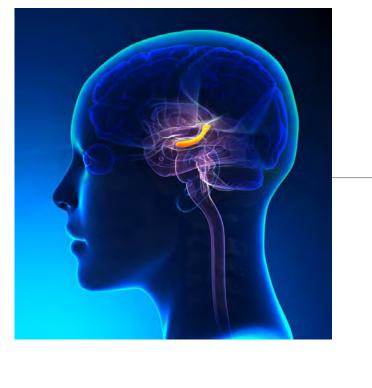
Experience

Amygdala Hijack

Emotions Spike

Prevents Thinking

Reaction



Experience

Amygdala Hijack

Emotions Spike

Reaction

Prevents Thinking

or

Response

Reflect Curious Reframe

Time Passes

Choices



How to have a "Learning from Differences" Conversation

Part One: Reflect and Prepare

- 1. Think about someone who did something different to shared a different opinion or perspective that triggered a negative thought or emotion in you.
- 2. Identify what triggered your negative perception. How is it different from what you think or believe?
- 3. Identify what you want to learn from that person about *their thoughts and beliefs*.





How to have a "Learning from Differences" Conversation

Part Two: Invite and Engage

- 4. Ask the person to have a conversation with you.
- 5. Describe the event or situation that you are curious about without disclosing why it impacted you.
- 6. Ask the person about their thoughts, beliefs, or experiences that influenced their behavior.
 - Seek to understand.
 - Ask open ended questions (not leading ones)
 - Let something new into your thinking

How to have a "Learning from Differences" Conversation

Part Three: Reflect and Grow

- 7. What <u>did you learn about</u> yourself?
- 8. What are you still curious about learning?
- 9. Check in on the relationship is it in good shape after the conversation?





Characteristics about myself that I value Authentic Holistic

Characteristics about myself that I value	Psychological Opposite	
Authentic		
Holistic		

Characteristics about myself that I value	Psychological Opposite	
Authentic	Shallow	
Holistic		

Characteristics about myself that I value	Psychological Opposite	
Authentic	Shallow	
Holistic	Selfish	

Characteristics about myself that I value	Psychological Opposite	Reframe
Authentic	Shallow	
Holistic	Selfish	

Characteristics about myself that I value	Psychological Opposite	Reframe
Authentic	Shallow	Cautious
Holistic	Selfish	

Characteristics about myself that I value	Psychological Opposite	Reframe
Authentic	Shallow	Cautious/Shy
Holistic	Selfish	Protective

Questions?

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